

AETHUSA CYNAPIUM

La caratteristica più conosciuta e appariscente di Aethusa è la sensibilità al latte; un'intolleranza tanto forte da destare vive preoccupazioni. Il latte viene rigettato appena bevuto, è solitamente acido e cagliato in grossi pezzi, in altri casi assume un aspetto schiumoso. In generale è presente un aggravamento acuto da latte con vomito o diarrea, nel qual caso va posta diagnosi differenziale con Lac vaccinum defloratum, Natrum carbonicum e Silicea, associati a grande prostrazione e torpore. La disidratazione conseguente rende conto della debolezza e della sonnolenza di questi piccoli, il cui aspetto vecchieggiante con viso pallido, rugoso ed incavato testimonia la gravità della situazione.

Tipiche sono le labbra cerchiato da un pallore bianco-bluastro e la linea nasale che va dagli orifizi agli angoli della bocca.

Il bambino ha uno sguardo particolarmente ansioso e a tutti i sintomi si associa l'assenza di sete, che è il sintomo chiave del rimedio.

Nei bambini l'astenia può rendere difficoltosa la stazione eretta e la testa cade per il peso, sintomo che ha in comune solo con Abrotanum.

Il tratto gastro-intestinale e la conseguente cattiva assimilazione alimentare rappresentano dunque il punto debole dei piccoli Aethusa. Tra angosce e pianti, sono per solito sofferenti di gastroenteriti, diarree estive legate al tempo caldo e durante la dentizione. Le feci sono acquose e possono contenere muco verde o tracce di sangue, mentre l'addome si presenta gonfio e sensibile al tocco.

Dal punto di vista caratteriale si tratta, come Natrum muriaticum, di bambini riservati e sempre bene controllati, ma con forti emozioni interne.

Lo studio rappresenta un problema in quanto possono avere difficoltà di concentrazione, associata a disturbi da anticipazione. Hanno inoltre difficoltà ad apprendere e l'applicazione mentale è spesso causa di violenti mal di testa.

Gli animali li attraggono irresistibilmente, sono estremamente sensibili alla loro sofferenza e preferiscono la loro compagnia a quella delle persone; l'attaccamento agli animali è così spiccato che, nei momenti più critici, possono credere di vederne un'ampia varietà: di solito cani, gatti e topi; a volte, scambiano le persone presenti per animali.

Un altro capitolo importante riguarda le paure: di andare a dormire per il timore di non risvegliarsi, di chiudere gli occhi, dei medici. Al pari di Calcarea carbonica vede delle facce al momento della chiusura degli occhi.

Dentition - sensorium and neurological

GENERALS - CONVULSIONS - dentition; during (bg2, bro1, hr1, k)

Dentition - gastro-enteric

TEETH - DENTITION - difficult - accompanied by - milk indigestion (mp)

STOMACH - VOMITING - dentition; during (hr1, st)

RECTUM - DIARRHEA - dentition; during (bro1, k)

Dentition - generalities

TEETH - DENTITION - difficult (br1, bro1, c1, hr1, kr1)

Nursing - milk; influence of

STOMACH - INDIGESTION - milk - agg. (br1, bro1, k)

STOMACH - VOMITING - milk; after (bg2, bro1, k, mtf33, ptk1)

STOMACH - VOMITING; TYPE OF - milk (k, mtf33)

STOMACH - VOMITING; TYPE OF - milk - curdled (bg2, bro1, k, mtf33, ptk1)

STOMACH - VOMITING; TYPE OF - milk - curdled - children; in - nurslings; in (mrr1, mtf33)

RECTUM - DIARRHEA - milk - agg. (bro1, k, mtf33)

GENERALS - FOOD and DRINKS - milk - agg. (bg2, br1, bro1, k, mrr1, mtf33, ptk1)

GENERALS - FOOD and DRINKS - milk - aversion (gsw1, k, mtf33, tl1)

ALUMINA PHOSPHORICA

Dal punto di vista mentale, si possono sottolineare gli aspetti fosforici legati alle paure (buio, temporali, star da solo), la curiosità, lo scoraggiamento e la scontentezza, ma anche l'ostinazione.

Dal punto di vista fisico avremo sintomi gastrointestinali, soprattutto legati all'assunzione di latte. L'appetito è particolarmente marcato e tende ad aumentare anche dopo mangiato.

Può essere considerato un rimedio molto utile nella Sindrome di Louis Bar o atassia teleangectasia, dove la componente fosforica ha sicuramente un'influenza sulle conseguenze da deficit di IgA (polmoniti, broncopolmoniti), mentre Alumina gioca un ruolo determinante nelle espressioni di incoordinazione.

Da tenere in considerazione nelle tonsilliti.

Nursing - milk; influence of

STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS - milk; after (k2)

GENERALS - FOOD and DRINKS - milk - agg. (bt3,k2,vml3)

GENERALS - FOOD and DRINKS - milk - aversion (bt3,k2,vml3)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - appetite - less

STOMACH - APPETITE - wanting (k2)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - appetite - more

STOMACH - APPETITE - increased (k2)

STOMACH - APPETITE - increased - eating - after (k2)

STOMACH - APPETITE - ravenous (k2)

STOMACH - APPETITE - relish, without (k2)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - eructations - water brash

STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS; TYPE OF - water brash (k2)

STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS; TYPE OF - water brash - drinking - after - agg. (k2)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - hiccough

STOMACH - HICCOUGH - eating - after - agg. (k2)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - abdominal complaints - ameliorating modalities

ABDOMEN - PAIN - warmth - amel. (k2)

Constitution - fear and anxiety

MIND - FEAR - alone, of being (stj2)

MIND - FEAR - thunderstorm, of (stj2)

Constitution - generalities

MIND - CURIOUS (stj2)

MIND - DISCONTENTED (k2,stj2)

MIND - DISCOURAGED (k13,k2)

MIND - LAZINESS (k2)

MIND - MOOD - changeable (k2)

MIND - YIELDING disposition (stj2)

Relationship with others - approached by others; when

MIND - ANSWERING - aversion to answer (k2)

MIND - COMPANY - aversion to (k13,k2)

MIND - CONTRARY (k2)

MIND - TIMIDITY (k13,k2,stj2)

School - constitution

MIND - CURIOUS (stj2)

MIND - OBSTINATE (k13,k2)

Non verbal symptoms - generalities

MIND - OBSTINATE (k13,k2)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - ear

EAR - DISCHARGES - purulent (k2)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - throat

THROAT - SWELLING - Tonsils (k2)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - extremities

EXTREMITIES - NAILS; complaints of - ingrowing toenails (k2)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - face

FACE - CRACKED - Lips (k2)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - stomach

STOMACH - HICCOUGH (k2)

STOMACH - HICCOUGH - eating - after - agg. (k2)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - abdomen

ABDOMEN - PAIN - warmth - amel. (k2)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - bladder

BLADDER - URINATION - involuntary - cough agg.; during (k2)

BLADDER - URINATION - retarded, must wait for urine to start (k2)

BLADDER - URINATION - retarded, must wait for urine to start - press a long time before he can begin; must (k2)

Night; observations during the - mental

MIND - FEAR - dark; of (stj2)

MIND - TALKING - sleep, in (k13,k2)

Physical symptoms and pathologies

KIDNEYS - INFLAMMATION (k2)

Clinica: Ulcere indolenti. Esaurimento mentale al termine dell'anno scolastico. Effetti cronici da affezioni. Paralisi, specialmente degli arti inferiori. Foruncoli su natiche e cosce.

Tropismo: Nervi. Membrane mucose. Polmoni.

LYCOPODIUM CLAVATUM

Come nell'adulto, anche nel bambino Lycopodium possiamo distinguere due tipi costituzionali: un tipo più timido, caratterizzato dalla paura e dall'apprensione, e un tipo dittatoriale e incline a mantenere il controllo su ciò che gli sta intorno (genitori, amici o situazioni).

Il primo tipo di bambino Lycopodium, in sala d'aspetto, è seduto vicino ai genitori e osserva ogni cosa che ha intorno, essendo questa per lui una situazione nuova; il secondo tipo può presentarsi, invece, come un bambino che alza la voce e continua ad importunare i genitori, vuole giocattoli, chiede di essere portato a casa perché non vuole stare nello studio del medico. Sono spesso bambini maleducati e viziati, parlano con tono di comando, si rivolgono in modo irritante ai genitori, che spesso rispondono debolmente; sembrerebbe quasi che sono i bambini e non gli adulti a controllare la situazione e questo mostra uno dei classici sintomi di Lycopodium e cioè forte con i deboli e debole con i forti ("Mind - Hard for inferiors and kind for superiors" / "Mente - Duro con gli inferiori e gentile con i superiori").

Nel primo tipo di bambino si nota, inoltre, una caratteristica mancanza di fiducia in sé, mentre nel secondo tipo troviamo una natura irritabile e un forte desiderio di potere.

La paura resta comunque una delle caratteristiche dei bambini Lycopodium; hanno ansia e paura quando sono soli, soprattutto al buio, e quando sono attorniti da estranei; questa paura si rivela anche nell'espressione del volto, imbronciato con le ciglia aggrottate.

In realtà queste due tipologie sono spesso una l'evoluzione dell'altra, nel senso che di solito Lycopodium ha maggiormente tratti psorici dominati dalla mancanza di fiducia in sé con un continuo tentativo di compensarla, dovuto al fatto che l'opinione degli altri è fondamentale. Nel corso del tempo, questo continuo bleffare porta ad una convinzione dei propri mezzi che sfocia nel caratteristico atteggiamento altezzoso del Lycopodium in fase sicotica.

Caratteristicamente i bambini Lycopodium mostrano paura e avversione per le situazioni nuove. Solo quando la situazione che si presenta loro è ben conosciuta diventano sicuri ed interagiscono normalmente con gli altri. Questa paura per situazioni nuove è strettamente collegata alla paura del fallimento, di non riuscire bene in quello che fanno e di apparire ridicoli in pubblico. Hanno paura di alzarsi in mezzo alla classe e di fare un errore, così da apparire ridicoli; questo rivela il loro desiderio di essere il più bravo, "il primo della classe".

Possono soffrire di insonnia soprattutto in periodi in cui devono sostenere un esame, una prova o qualsiasi tipo di prestazione. Un periodo in cui possono essere ansiosi è quello che precede l'inizio della scuola; in questi periodi possono voler dormire con i genitori o con la luce accesa. Rimangono coperti e accoccolati sotto le lenzuola anche durante il periodo estivo quando fa caldo. Possono essere svegliati di notte da brutti sogni e non sapere dove sono. Dormono generalmente sul lato destro, come Phosphorus, o sull'addome.

Spesso il loro comportamento a casa è diverso da quello che hanno a scuola: a casa sono disubbidienti, mentre a scuola sono studenti modello, tanto da essere definiti "angeli a scuola, diavoli a casa". Non si permetterebbero mai di contraddire gli insegnanti, a meno che siano in quella fase in cui Lycopodium si sente molto sicuro di sé.

Sono vanitosi, preoccupati del loro aspetto, degli abiti che indossano e di come sono pettinati. Vogliono dominare, sono irritabili ed impazienti se non sono assecondati e diventano particolarmente critici; possono mostrare un grande desiderio di potere ed una grande irritabilità al punto da essere confusi con Nux Vomica.

Preferiscono giocare con bambini più piccoli in modo da poter prevalere senza problemi su di loro, oppure con quelli più grandi proprio per mostrare di essere superiori rispetto ai loro coetanei.

superiori rispetto ai loro coetanei.

Spesso l'apprensione e l'ansia sono avvertite dai bambini Lycopodium a livello dello stomaco e dell'addome.

Fin da piccoli si svegliano spesso di cattivo umore e non vogliono parlare con nessuno; possono diventare ancor più scontroso intorno alle quattro del pomeriggio, orario in cui Lycopodium in genere aggrava i propri sintomi.

I bambini Lycopodium, insieme ai Medorrhinum, sono tra i più predisposti alla dislessia; fanno errori nel leggere e nello scrivere, invertendo o dimenticando delle lettere.

Sono in genere irrequieti, incapaci di stare seduti fermi, toccano nervosamente ogni cosa. Hanno spesso le mani in bocca e umettano con la lingua le labbra, a volte fino ad irritarle. Lycopodium é notoriamente un rimedio con grande tropismo gastrointestinale, soprattutto epatico.

Nei neonati l'appetito può essere smisurato e urlano quando sono affamati.

Spesso hanno il singhiozzo dopo essere stati allattati; alcune mamme riferiscono di aver sentito, in utero, durante la gestazione, il loro piccolo Lycopodium avere il singhiozzo.

Un problema di questi neonati sono le coliche gassose, che li fa piangere e li rende inconsolabili finché non viene eliminato il gas in addome.

Nei bambini o negli adolescenti l'appetito può diventare vorace, soprattutto al pomeriggio, quando tornano da scuola, alla sera e possono svegliarsi di notte per la fame. A volte i genitori riferiscono che questi bambini mangiano troppo velocemente e non masticano il cibo.

Soffrono spesso di stitichezza che si riscontra soprattutto in situazioni che generano in loro ansia, come nei bagni pubblici o quando vanno in vacanza in una casa non loro.

Per quanto riguarda i loro gusti alimentari, i dolci sono la cosa che desiderano maggiormente, amano molto il cioccolato che può dare però loro problemi, come dermatiti, mal di stomaco, mal di pancia e soprattutto stipsi. Possono avere coliche e meteorismo dai legumi, dal pane, dal formaggio, dalle cipolle, dai frutti di mare e da alcune verdure come i cavoli. Hanno in genere un miglioramento con le bevande calde e un aggravamento con quelle fredde: questo è applicabile non solo all'apparato gastrointestinale, ma anche al mal di gola e al mal di testa, di cui soffrono occasionalmente da bambini, mentre é comune negli adolescenti che saltano un pasto o lo fanno troppo tardi.

Come gli adulti, anche i bambini Lycopodium soffrono di ostruzione nasale e tirano su ripetutamente con il naso; tipico é il movimento ripetuto delle ali nasali.

Nel neonato può essere presente un persistente catarro nasale, con respirazione rumorosa e il bambino può respirare solo con la bocca aperta, cosa che lo obbliga ad interrompere la poppata. Sono suscettibili a raffreddori che spesso si complicano in bronchiti, bronchioliti e polmoniti.

Soffrono di tonsilliti ricorrenti, soprattutto a destra, con placche e ingrossamento delle ghiandole cervicali e dolore migliorato dall'assunzione di bevande calde.

Lycopodium é uno dei principali rimedi per il trattamento della mononucleosi quando è più colpita la parte destra della gola.

Il torcicollo é un problema che viene spesso risolto da questo rimedio, anche nell'adulto.

La prescrizione di Lycopodium deve essere presa in considerazione nel caso di dolori reumatici e artriti nell'infanzia, quando la parte più colpita è la destra. Possono riferire dolori brucianti migliorati dal calore, come in Arsenicum, e migliorati dal movimento, come in Rhus toxicodendron, Thuja e Pulsatilla.

Caratteristica é la colorazione giallastra dei denti.

Frequentemente si riscontrano ernia inguinale e criptorchidismo a destra.

Le bambine presentano un ritardo del menarca e riferiscono irritabilità, stitichezza e un grande desiderio di dolci nel periodo premestruale.

Un altro sintomo significativo che può essere notato nelle adolescenti, più che nelle donne adulte, è la pelle secca e screpolata sui talloni; la pelle può ulcerarsi con facilità, le eruzioni possono essere secche o umide e possono localizzarsi attorno alle labbra, alle ali del naso, dietro alle orecchie e agli organi genitali; le eruzioni possono anche trasudare un liquido acquoso e giallastro, simile a Graphites.

Molti bambini Lycopodium presentano verruche plantari, soprattutto a destra.

Tipico é lo sviluppo dei sintomi sul lato destro o che si spostano poi a sinistra.

Sono spesso bambini magri, freddolosi, amano stare al caldo, fare bagni caldi, anche se sono aggravati dall'esposizione al sole.

History; personal and family

GENERALS - FAMILY HISTORY of - asthma (dmd1.fr)

GENERALS - FAMILY HISTORY of - eczema (dmd1.fr)

GENERALS - FAMILY HISTORY of - gout (dmd1.fr)

GENERALS - HISTORY; personal - boils; of recurrent (bg2)
GENERALS - HISTORY; personal - complaints; of recurrent (bg2)
GENERALS - HISTORY; personal - croup; of recurrent (bg2)
GENERALS - HISTORY; personal - cystitis; of recurrent (h2)
GENERALS - HISTORY; personal - cystitis; of recurrent - children; in (lmj)
GENERALS - HISTORY; personal - eyes - recurrent inflammation of the; of (brm)
GENERALS - HISTORY; personal - mononucleosis; of (hu2)
GENERALS - HISTORY; personal - tonsillitis; of recurrent (k)

Development - slow

GENERALS - DEVELOPMENT - arrested (mrr1)
GENERALS - DEVELOPMENT - arrested - Muscles (mtf11)
GENERALS - WALKING - learning to walk - late (b4a.de,bg2,ffd,kr1,lmj,sf1.de)

Development - fast

MIND - PRECOCITY of children (br1,ckh1,lmj,ptk1,vh)

Development - generalities

HEAD - LARGE SIZE (mtf33,sne)
GENERALS - PAIN - growing pains (brm)

Dentition - generalities

TEETH - DENTITION - difficult (hr1,kr1,mtf33)
SKIN - INTERTRIGO - dentition; during (bro1)

Nursing - mental symptoms

MIND - HURRY - eating; while (a1,bg1,bg2,br1,h2,kr1,ptk1,st)

Nursing - milk; influence of

HEAD - ERUPTIONS - milk crust (b2.de,b4a.de,bg2,bg3,br1,mtf33,ptk1)
HEAD - ERUPTIONS - milk crust - children; in (mtf33)
STOMACH - DISORDERED - milk agg. (k)
STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS - milk; after (k)
STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS; TYPE OF - sour - milk agg. (k)
STOMACH - HEARTBURN - milk agg. (b4a.de,bg2)
STOMACH - VOMITING; TYPE OF - milk (bg1)
RECTUM - DIARRHEA - milk - agg. (b4.de,b4a.de,br1,hr1,k)
GENERALS - FOOD and DRINKS - milk - agg. (b2.de,b4.de,bg2,k,ptk1)
GENERALS - FOOD and DRINKS - milk - aversion (gk)
GENERALS - FOOD and DRINKS - milk - aversion - mother's milk - child refuses (lmj)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - appetite - general

STOMACH - APPETITE - capricious appetite (ffd,fxm)
STOMACH - APPETITE - increased - alternating with - loss of appetite (mtf33)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - appetite - less

STOMACH - APPETITE - diminished (k,klp,ptk1)
STOMACH - APPETITE - easy satiety (b4.de,bg2,gs1,k,mrr1,mtf33,ptk1)
STOMACH - APPETITE - wanting (b2.de,b4.de,b4a.de,bg2,br1,k)
STOMACH - APPETITE - wanting - eating - attempting to eat; on (ptk1)
STOMACH - APPETITE - wanting - fullness; from sense of (k2)
STOMACH - APPETITE - wanting - hunger; with (b2.de,bg2)
STOMACH - APPETITE - wanting - thirst - with (bg2,h2)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - appetite - more

STOMACH - APPETITE - increased (b2.de,b4.de,b4a.de,bg2,k,mrr1,ptk1)
STOMACH - APPETITE - increased - night (a1,b4.de,bg2,br1,k,mtf33,ptk1)
STOMACH - APPETITE - increased - eating - after (a1,bg2,br1,fxm,k,mtf33,ptk1)

STOMACH - APPETITE - increased - eating - after - only while eating; appetite returns (fmx)
 STOMACH - APPETITE - increased - eating - cannot eat (mtf33)
 STOMACH - APPETITE - insatiable (k,mtf33)
 STOMACH - APPETITE - ravenous (b2.de,b4.de,b4a.de,bg2,bro1,k,mrr1,ptk1,tl1)
 STOMACH - APPETITE - ravenous - night (k,mtf33)
 STOMACH - APPETITE - ravenous - diarrhea - during (k)
 STOMACH - APPETITE - ravenous - eating - after eating - soon after (k)
 STOMACH - APPETITE - ravenous - eating - after eating; soon - increases the hunger (k,ptk1)
 STOMACH - APPETITE - ravenous - gastralgia, in (k)
 STOMACH - APPETITE - ravenous - perspiration; with (bg2)
 STOMACH - APPETITE - ravenous - satiety; easy (bro1)
 STOMACH - APPETITE - ravenous - walking agg. (a1,k)
 STOMACH - APPETITE - relish, without (k)
 STOMACH - APPETITE - relish, without - until he begins to eat (k)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - eructations - food

STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS; TYPE OF - food (bg2,k)
 STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS; TYPE OF - food - bitter tasting (k,ptk1)
 STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS; TYPE OF - food - dinner; after (k)
 STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS; TYPE OF - food - eating - after - agg. (b4.de,b4a.de,bg2)
 STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS; TYPE OF - food - eating - two hours after (k)
 STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS; TYPE OF - food - mouthful, by the (k)
 STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS; TYPE OF - food - sour (b4a.de,bg2)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - eructations - water brash

STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS; TYPE OF - water brash (b2.de,b4.de,b4a.de,bg2,bro1,c2,k,ptk1)
 STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS; TYPE OF - water brash - bitter (b4a.de,bg1)
 STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS; TYPE OF - water brash - drinking - after - agg. (a1,b4.de,bg2,k)
 STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS; TYPE OF - water brash - eating - after - agg. (b4.de,b4a.de,bg2,h2)
 STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS; TYPE OF - water brash - periodical - day; alternate (bg2,k,ptk1)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - hiccough

STOMACH - HICCOUGH - cold drinks agg.; after (b4a.de,bg1)
 STOMACH - HICCOUGH - eating - after - agg. (a1,b4.de,bg2,k)
 STOMACH - HICCOUGH - eating - before - agg. (b4.de,b4a.de,bg2,h2)
 STOMACH - HICCOUGH - warm - drinks - amel. (bg2,k,ptk1)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - vomiting

STOMACH - VOMITING; TYPE OF - food - undigested (k,kl2)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - abdominal complaints - aggravating modalities

ABDOMEN - PAIN - bending double - agg. (k)
 ABDOMEN - PAIN - children; in - nurslings; in - cramping (bro1,lmj)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - rectum complaints

RECTUM - CONSTIPATION - children; in (bg2,kr1,st,vh)
 RECTUM - CONSTIPATION - children; in - infants (bro1,ptk1)
 RECTUM - CONSTIPATION - removed mechanically; stools have to be (ptk1,st)

Nursing - generalities

PERSPIRATION - EATING - after - agg. (bg2,k)
 PERSPIRATION - EATING - while - agg. (bg2)
 GENERALS - EMACIATION - appetite with emaciation; ravenous - children; in (k,mtf33)
 GENERALS - EMACIATION - appetite with emaciation; ravenous - children; in - infants; in (k)
 GENERALS - NURSLINGS (kk2.de,mtf33)

Infectious diseases - measles

EAR - DISCHARGES - measles; after (k)

Infectious diseases - mumps

FACE - INFLAMMATION - Parotid glands (k)
FACE - INFLAMMATION - Parotid glands - right - then left (k)
FACE - PAIN - Parotid glands (zzz)
FACE - PAIN - Parotid glands - stitching pain (hr1,k)
FACE - SWELLING - Parotid glands (k)
FACE - SWELLING - Parotid glands - right - then left (k)

Infectious diseases - scarlet fever

MIND - STUPOR - scarlatina, in (kr1)
MIND - UNCONSCIOUSNESS - scarlatina, in (hr1,kr1)
EAR - DISCHARGES - scarlet fever; after (hr1,k)
HEARING - IMPAIRED - scarlet fever; after (hr1,k,ptk1)
HEARING - LOST - scarlet fever; after (hr1,k)
FACE - SWELLING - scarlet fever (hr1,k)
URINE - ALBUMINOUS - scarlet fever; after (k)
FEVER - ERUPTIVE fevers - scarlatina (bro1,k)
SKIN - ERUPTIONS - scarlatina (hr1,k,ptk1)
GENERALS - SCARLET fever - ailments after (b2.de,bg2,k)

Infectious diseases - whooping cough

NOSE - CORYZA - whooping cough; in (bro1)
COUGH - WHOOPING (b4a.de,bg2,c2,hr1,k)

Constitution - aggressiveness

MIND - ANGER - children; in (hr1)

Constitution - fear and anxiety

MIND - AILMENTS FROM - anticipation (bg3,k1,ptk1,st)
MIND - AILMENTS FROM - fright (b2.de,b4a.de,bg2,hr1,k,mta1,ptk1)
MIND - ANTICIPATION - stage fright (dgt,mrr1,mtf33)
MIND - ANXIETY - hypochondriacal (j5.de,vh)
MIND - CAUTIOUS (zzz)
MIND - CAUTIOUS - anxious (gl1.fr,kl2)
MIND - COWARDICE (bg2,ffd,hr1,k,mtf33,ptk1)
MIND - FEAR - alone, of being (a1,br1,k,tl1)
MIND - FEAR - children, in (st1)
MIND - FEAR - control; losing (br1)
MIND - FEAR - failure, of (gm1,gsd1,mra,rti2)
MIND - FEAR - failure, of - examinations; in (mtf33,wr)
MIND - FEAR - ghosts, of (bro1,gsd1,k,mrr1,rti2,tl1,vh/dg,vhx2)
MIND - FEAR - high places, of (fd,gb)
MIND - FEAR - narrow place, in (gl1.fr,mrr1,mtf33,vh/dg,vhx3)
MIND - FEAR - new enterprise; of undertaking a (mtf33)
MIND - FEAR - noise, from (brm,k1,k2,st)
MIND - FEAR - open spaces; fear of (fyz,mrr1)
MIND - FEAR - thunderstorm, of (ffd,kr1,ptk1)
MIND - FEAR - undertaking anything; of (bg2,k,ptk1,vh/dg,vhx2)
MIND - HORRIBLE things, sad stories affect her profoundly (gt1,kl,lmj,st)
MIND - IMPRESSIONABLE (lmj,mtf)
MIND - UNDERTAKING - new things; cannot undertake (br1)

Constitution - generalities

MIND - AMBITION - increased (gl1.fr,mtf33)
MIND - AMBITION - increased - competitive (mtf)
MIND - AMBITION - increased - money; to make (gl1.fr)
MIND - AVARICE (b2.de,b4a.de,bg2,hr1,k,mtf33,ptk1)

MIND - CAREFULNESS (bg2,gl1.fr,mtf33)
MIND - CARES, full of (gl1.fr)
MIND - CLEANNESS - mania for (zzz)
MIND - CONFIDENCE - want of self-confidence (br1,k,mrr1,mtf33,pfa2,ptk1,sne)
MIND - CONSCIENTIOUS about trifles (b4a.de,bg2,k,kl2,mtf33,pc)
MIND - CURIOUS (gl1.fr,mtf)
MIND - DISCONTENTED (b4.de,bg2,k)
MIND - DISCOURAGED (a1,k)
MIND - DISCOURAGED - children, in (j5.de)
MIND - DUTY - too much sense of duty (lmj)
MIND - FASTIDIOUS (k2)
MIND - LAZINESS (b4.de,bg2,k)
MIND - MILDNESS (b2.de,bg2,br1,k,mtf33)
MIND - MOOD - changeable (b4.de,k)
MIND - RESPONSIBILITY - taking responsibility too seriously (lgr,mtf)
MIND - SADNESS - children, in (h2,mtf33)
MIND - SELFISHNESS (gl1.fr,sf1.de)
MIND - SENSITIVE - children (dx1)
MIND - SPEECH - babbling (bg1,ptk1)
MIND - THEORIZING (k)
MIND - TRAVELLING - desire for (frc)
MIND - UNDERTAKING - many things, persevering in nothing (a1)
MIND - UNOBSERVING [= inattentive] (bg2)
MIND - UNOBSERVING [= nonconformism] (cd1)
MIND - VANITY (gl1.fr,gl3)
MIND - WEEPING - amel. (b4a.de,bg2,k,ptk1)
MIND - WEEPING - children, in (j5.de)
MIND - WEEPING - children, in - babies (gg)
MIND - WEEPING - easily (gl1.fr)
MIND - WEEPING - emotions - slight; after (k13,k2,mrr1)
MIND - WEEPING - joy, from (k13,k2,tl1)
MIND - WEEPING - trifles, at - children at the least worry (k)
MIND - YIELDING disposition (b4.de,b4a.de,bg2,brm,gl1.fr,mtf33)

Family; attitude towards - aggressiveness

MIND - ABUSIVE - children - parents; children insulting (gl1.fr,mtf33,vh)
MIND - AILMENTS FROM - domination - children; in (szw1)
MIND - AILMENTS FROM - domination - long time; for a (dx1,mtf)
MIND - AILMENTS FROM - rudeness of others (st1,vh/dg,vhx3)

Family; attitude towards - love and affection

MIND - AFFECTIONATE (ckh1,ffd,gl1.fr)
MIND - AILMENTS FROM - jealousy (frc)
MIND - AVERSION - family; to members of (bg1,bg2,ptk1,st)
MIND - ESTRANGED - family; from his (zzz)
MIND - ESTRANGED - family; from his - strangers, but not with his entourage and his family; being kind with (gl1.fr,mtf33)
MIND - FORSAKEN feeling (zzz)
MIND - FORSAKEN feeling - beloved by his parents, wife, friends; feeling of not being (gl1.fr,mtf33)
MIND - JEALOUSY (bg2,ffd,gl1.fr,gt1,kl,kr1,mtf33,st1)
MIND - JEALOUSY - children - in (mtf33)

Family; attitude towards - reproach

MIND - ADMONITION - agg. (frc)

MIND - SENSITIVE - reprimands, to (frc,mtf)
MIND - WEeping - admonition, from (k)

Relationship with others - aggressiveness

MIND - ANGER - contradiction; from (cd1.es,ffd,gl3,hnb,k,mta1,mtf16,mtf33,rti2)
MIND - ANSWERING - dictatorial (kr1,mtf33)
MIND - DEFIANT (a1,bg2,hr1,k,mtf33,ptk1)
MIND - DICTATORIAL - talking with air of command (j5.de,kr1)
MIND - MOCKING (zzz)
MIND - QUARRELLING - aversion to (mrr1,vh)
MIND - QUARRELSOME (a1,b4a.de,bg2,hr1,k)
MIND - STRIKING (a1,bg2,h2,hr1,k)
MIND - STRIKING - bystanders, at (a1,c1,h2,hr1,mtf33)
MIND - STRIKING - children; in (c1)
MIND - STRIKING - rage; with (sf1.de)

Relationship with others - approached by others; when

MIND - ANSWERING - hastily (k,mtf33)
MIND - ANSWERING - slowly (bg2,ptk1,sf1.de)
MIND - ANSWERING - unable to answer (zzz)
MIND - AUTISM (mtf33)
MIND - COMPANY - aversion to (a1,b2.de,b4.de,b4a.de,bg2,hr1,k,k1,tl1)
MIND - COMPANY - aversion to - fear of being alone; yet (bg2,brm,ffd,k,mrr1,pfa2)
MIND - COMPANY - aversion to - strangers, aversion to the presence of (k)
MIND - COMPANY - desire for (b4.de,b4a.de,bg2,br01,hr1,k,ptk1)
MIND - COMPANY - desire for - alone agg.; when (b2.de,b4.de,b4a.de,bg2,br01,k)
MIND - CONSOLATION - agg. (k)
MIND - CONTRADICTION - disposition to contradict (k,kl2,mtf33)
MIND - CONTRADICTION - intolerant of contradiction (bg2,br01,k,kl2,ptk1)
MIND - CONTRARY (bg2,k)
MIND - FEAR - people; of - children, in (k,mtf33)
MIND - INCONSOLABLE (gl1.fr,k,k1)
MIND - SMILING - never (mtf33)
MIND - TIMIDITY (bg2,k,pfa2,ptk1)
MIND - TIMIDITY - public; about appearing in (a1,mtf33)
MIND - TIMIDITY - public; about appearing in - talk in public; to (gl1.fr,mrr1,st,vh/dg,vhx1)
MIND - TIMIDITY - public; about appearing in - talk in public; to - capable to; but (h2)
MIND - WEeping - consolation - agg. (k)

Relationship with others - generalities

MIND - BOASTER (mrr1,mtf33,vh,vh/dg,vhx1)
MIND - BOASTER - rich, wishes to be considered as (gl1.fr)
MIND - CENSORIOUS (b4a.de,bg2,k,mtf33,ptk1)
MIND - EGOTISM (gl1.fr,mrr1,sf1.de)
MIND - EXCITEMENT - children, in (c1)
MIND - FEAR - robbers, of (hu)
MIND - INSOLENT (bg2,br01,k,kl2,ptk1)
MIND - LIAR (gl1.fr,mtf33)
MIND - OFFENDED, easily (b4.de,b4a.de,bg2,k,k1,mtf33,ptk1,st)
MIND - REPROACHING oneself (k)
MIND - REPROACHING others (a1,h2,hr1,k)
MIND - SECRETIVE (gl1.fr,mtf33,ptk1,st,vh)
MIND - SENSITIVE - external impressions, to all (zzz)
MIND - SPEECH - childish (st1)

MIND - SPEECH - hasty (k)

MIND - SUSPICIOUS (b2.de,b4.de,b4a.de,bg2,k1,mtf33,ptk1,st)

MIND - SYMPATHETIC (b4.de,b4a.de,bg2,k)

MIND - WEEPING - alone, when (hr1)

School - anxiety

MIND - AILMENTS FROM - anticipation (bg3,k1,ptk1,st)

MIND - CONFIDENCE - want of self-confidence (br1,k,mrr1,mtf33,pfa2,ptk1,sne)

MIND - FEAR - failure, of (gm1,gsd1,mra,rti2)

MIND - FEAR - failure, of - examinations; in (mtf33,wr)

MIND - FEAR - new enterprise; of undertaking a (mtf33)

MIND - FEAR - undertaking anything; of (bg2,k,ptk1,vh/dg,vhx2)

MIND - UNDERTAKING - new things; cannot undertake (br1)

RECTUM - DIARRHEA - excitement agg. (brm,ffd,hr1)

School - concentration

MIND - ANSWERING - distracted (kr1)

MIND - CONCENTRATION - difficult - children, in (mtf33)

MIND - CONCENTRATION - difficult - studying (a1)

MIND - CONFUSION of mind - reading, while (k,mtf33)

MIND - DULLNESS - reading (k)

MIND - UNOBSERVING [= inattentive] (bg2)

School - learning - generalities

MIND - DYSLEXIA (mtf)

MIND - MISTAKES; making - speaking, in - spelling, in (k,mtf33)

School - learning - mathematics

MIND - MATHEMATICS - inability for (gl1.fr,mtf33)

MIND - MATHEMATICS - inability for - calculating (gl1.fr)

MIND - MATHEMATICS - inability for - horror of (gl1.fr)

MIND - MISTAKES; making - calculating, in (k,mtf33)

School - learning - reading

MIND - CONFUSION of mind - reading, while (k,mtf33)

MIND - DULLNESS - reading (k)

MIND - MISTAKES; making - reading, in (k,mrr1)

MIND - MISTAKES; making - reading, in - reversing letters and words (mrr1)

MIND - READING - unable to read (a1,h2,hr1,kr1)

MIND - READING - unable to read - written, what he has (a1,br1,kr1,mtf33)

School - learning - writing

MIND - MISTAKES; making - writing, in (b4a.de,bg2,k,mtf33,ptk1,tl1)

MIND - MISTAKES; making - writing, in - adding letters (a1)

MIND - MISTAKES; making - writing, in - confounding letters (k)

MIND - MISTAKES; making - writing, in - omitting - letters (bro1,k,kl2,mtf33)

MIND - MISTAKES; making - writing, in - omitting - syllables (kr1)

MIND - MISTAKES; making - writing, in - omitting - words (bro1,k)

MIND - MISTAKES; making - writing, in - transposing - letters (k)

MIND - MISTAKES; making - writing, in - wrong - words (a1,br1,mtf33)

MIND - WRITING - inability for (k)

School - mental exertion

HEAD - PAIN - mental exertion - agg. (k)

HEAD - PAIN - reading - agg. (k)

HEAD - PAIN - reading - agg. - stitching pain (k)

HEAD - PAIN - Forehead - reading agg. (a1,k)

HEAD - PAIN - Forehead - reading agg. - stitching pain (a1,k)

HEAD - PAIN - Sides - reading - agg. - stitching pain (a1,k)

HEAD - PAIN - Vertex - reading agg. (k)

HEAD - PULSATING - reading, while sitting (k)

School - relationship with others

MIND - *DISOBEDIENCE* (a1,bg2,h2,k)

MIND - *DISOBEDIENCE* - children, in (lmj,mtf33)

MIND - *LIAR* (gl1.fr,mtf33)

MIND - *TIMIDITY* - public; about appearing in (a1,mtf33)

MIND - *TIMIDITY* - public; about appearing in - talk in public; to (gl1.fr,mrr1,st,vh/dg,vhx1)

MIND - *TIMIDITY* - public; about appearing in - talk in public; to - capable to; but (h2)

MOUTH - *SPEECH* - stammering (c2)

MOUTH - *SPEECH* - stammering - last words of the sentence (a1,k,ptk1)

School - reproach

MIND - *ADMONITION* - agg. (frc)

MIND - *AILMENTS FROM* - rudeness of others (st1,vh/dg,vhx3)

MIND - *SENSITIVE* - reprimands, to (frc,mtf)

MIND - *WEeping* - admonition, from (k)

School - constitution

MIND - *CONFIDENCE* - want of self-confidence (br1,k,mrr1,mtf33,pfa2,ptk1,sne)

MIND - *CONSCIENTIOUS* about trifles (b4a.de,bg2,k,kl2,mtf33,pc)

MIND - *CURIOUS* (gl1.fr,mtf)

MIND - *DISOBEDIENCE* (a1,bg2,h2,k)

MIND - *DISOBEDIENCE* - children, in (lmj,mtf33)

MIND - *FASTIDIOUS* (k2)

MIND - *HURRY* - writing, in (j)

MIND - *LIAR* (gl1.fr,mtf33)

MIND - *OBSTINATE* (a1,b4.de,bg2,br1,hr1,k,vh)

MIND - *OBSTINATE* - children (j5.de,mtf33,sf1.de)

MIND - *RESPONSIBILITY* - taking responsibility too seriously (lgr,mtf)

MIND - *UNDERTAKING* - many things, persevering in nothing (a1)

Playing

MIND - *AMUSEMENT* - desire for (mtf)

MIND - *PLAYING* - aversion to play - children; in (ffd,k,mtf33)

MIND - *PLAYING* - desire to play (zzz)

Animals; attitude towards

MIND - *FEAR* - cats; of (ser)

MIND - *FEAR* - dogs, of (brm)

MIND - *FEAR* - insects; of (kk,mtf33)

Non verbal symptoms - aggressiveness

MIND - *BITING* (zzz)

MIND - *BITING* - people (brm)

MIND - *DICTATORIAL* (b4a.de,bg2,k,mrr1,mtf33,ptk1,vh/dg,vhx2)

MIND - *DICTATORIAL* - power, love of (gvt,k,mtf,sej,stj)

MIND - *IRRITABILITY* - children, in (k,mtf33)

MIND - *IRRITABILITY* - children, in - cross all day, good all night (mtf33,ptk1,st1)

MIND - *IRRITABILITY* - children, in - pushes nurse away (mtf33,sf1.de)

MIND - *KICKING* (hr1,k,ptk1)

MIND - *KICKING* - children; in (zzz)

MIND - *KICKING* - children; in - cross, kicks and scolds on waking; child is (k,mtf33,vh/dg,vhx1)

MIND - SPITTING (gl1.fr)

Non verbal symptoms - approaching others; when

MIND - APPROACHED by persons; being - agg. (bg2)

MIND - APPROACHED by persons; being - aversion to (k1,ptk1,st)

MIND - FEAR - approaching; of - others; of (k,ptk1)

MIND - FEAR - strangers, of (gsd1,k13,k2,rti2)

MIND - FEAR - touched; of being (ptk1)

MIND - LOOKED AT; to be - cannot bear to be looked at (bg2,ffd)

MIND - SHAMELESS (gl1.fr)

MIND - STRANGER - presence of strangers - agg. (b2.de,bg2,brm,ffd,k,kl2,ptk1)

MIND - TOUCHED - aversion to be (ptk1)

Non verbal symptoms - gestures

MIND - AWKWARD (bg2,mtf33,sf1.de)

MIND - AWKWARD - children, in (mtf33)

MIND - BITING - nails (bg3,ffd,mtf33,ptk1,vh)

MIND - BITING - nails - children; in (mtf33)

MIND - BITING - pillow (ptk1)

MIND - CAPRICIOUSNESS (bg2,k)

MIND - CLINGING - children; in - mother; child clings to the (zzz)

MIND - CLINGING - children; in - mother; child clings to the - hand of the mother; child will always take the (mtf33)

MIND - COQUETTISH - too much (gl1.fr,vh)

MIND - EFFEMINATE (gl1.fr,mtf33,vh)

MIND - FROWN, disposed to (k,kl2,mtf33,sne)

MIND - GESTURES, makes - fingers - mouth; children put fingers into the (a1,gl1.fr,mtf33)

MIND - GESTURES, makes - hands; involuntary motions of the - grasping - mouth - everything in the mouth (mtf33)

MIND - GESTURES, makes - tics; nervous (bro1,ptk1)

MIND - HIDING - himself (zzz)

MIND - HOLDING - mother's hand; child constantly holding (al)

MIND - LAUGHING - serious matters, over (a1,bg2,h2,k)

MIND - STARTING - noise, from (ffd,k)

MIND - TOUCHING - impelled to touch - everything (zzz)

MIND - TOUCHING - impelled to touch - everything - children, in (lmj)

MIND - WHISTLING (b4a.de,k)

Non verbal symptoms - generalities

MIND - ANTICS; playing (zzz)

MIND - ANTICS; playing - children; in (lmj)

MIND - HURRY - eating; while (a1,bg1,bg2,br1,h2,kr1,ptk1,st)

MIND - HURRY - writing, in (j)

MIND - IMITATION, mimicry (zzz)

MIND - IMPOLITE (gl1.fr,vh)

MIND - IMPOLITE - children (gl1.fr,mtf33)

MIND - OBSTINATE (a1,b4.de,bg2,br1,hr1,k,vh)

MIND - OBSTINATE - children (j5.de,mtf33,sf1.de)

MIND - RESTLESSNESS - children, in (mrr)

MIND - SHRIEKING - children, in (k)

MIND - SINGING (bg2,k)

MIND - SPOILED children (gl1.fr)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - head

HEAD - HEAT - coldness - Extremities; with coldness of (k2)

HEAD - HEAT - coldness - Hands; with coldness of (k)

HEAD - LICE (k,st)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - eye

EYE - INFLAMMATION - children; in - infants (k)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - ear

EAR - DISCHARGES - blood (b2.de,b4a.de,bg2)

EAR - DISCHARGES - bloody (k)

EAR - DISCHARGES - chronic (mtf11)

EAR - DISCHARGES - earwax (k)

EAR - DISCHARGES - excoriating (bg2,bro1,hr1,k)

EAR - DISCHARGES - fetid (bro1,hr1)

EAR - DISCHARGES - green (k)

EAR - DISCHARGES - ichorous (hr1,k)

EAR - DISCHARGES - mucous (b2.de,bg2,bro1)

EAR - DISCHARGES - offensive (b4a.de,bg2,hr1,k)

EAR - DISCHARGES - purulent (a1,b2.de,b4.de,b4a.de,bg2,bro1,h2,hr1,k,ptk1)

EAR - DISCHARGES - purulent - eczema; with (k)

EAR - DISCHARGES - thick (hr1,k)

EAR - DISCHARGES - yellow (hr1,k)

EAR - INFLAMMATION - Meatus (b4.de,bg2,ffd,k)

EAR - INFLAMMATION - Media (hr1,k,mrr1)

EAR - MOISTURE (bg2)

EAR - MOISTURE - Behind the ears (b4.de,b4a.de,bg2,hr1,k,ptk1)

EAR - PERFORATION - Tympanum (sne)

EAR - SUPPURATION - Middle ear (a1,h2,k)

EAR - ULCERATION - Tympanum (sne)

EAR - WAX - increased (a1,bg2,fxm,k,kl,mtf33)

GENERALS - CONVALESCENCE; ailments during - ear; after discharges from (hr1,k)

GENERALS - HISTORY; personal - ear - inflammation (brm)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - hearing

HEARING - IMPAIRED - tonsils - enlarged (mp1)

HEARING - IMPAIRED - tonsils - hypertrophy of (bro1)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - face

FACE - SWELLING - Submaxillary glands (a1,bg2,k)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - mouth

MOUTH - APHTHAE (hr1,k)

MOUTH - MAPPED tongue (b2.de,bg2,k,vk1)

MOUTH - MOTION - Tongue - lapping (bg2,vk1)

MOUTH - MOTION - Tongue - side to side (b4a.de,k,vk1)

MOUTH - PAPILLAE of tongue - erect (bro1,k,vk1)

MOUTH - PROTRUDING - Tongue (a1,b4a.de,k,vk1)

MOUTH - PROTRUDING - Tongue - rapidly, darting in and out like a snake's (bg2,bro1,ptk1,vk1)

MOUTH - SUPPURATION - Gums (bg2)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - throat

THROAT - INFLAMMATION - Tonsils (bg2,c2,k,mrr1,mtf11)

THROAT - MEMBRANE - Tonsils (k)

THROAT - MEMBRANE - Tonsils - right (k)

THROAT - SWELLING - Tonsils (b4a.de,bg2,bro1,k,ptk1)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - external throat

EXTERNAL THROAT - INDURATION of glands (k)

EXTERNAL THROAT - INDURATION of glands - cords; like knotted (k)

EXTERNAL THROAT - SWELLING - Cervical Glands (a1,b4.de,bg2,hr1,k)

EXTERNAL THROAT - SWELLING - Cervical Glands - hard (a1,k)

EXTERNAL THROAT - SWELLING - Sides (k)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - abdomen

ABDOMEN - DISCHARGE from umbilicus (k,kl2)

ABDOMEN - DISTENSION - children; in (mtf33)

ABDOMEN - ULCERS - Umbilicus, about (k)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - rectum

RECTUM - ERUPTIONS - Anus; about (b4a.de,bg2,k)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - urine

URINE - SUGAR - children; in (mtf33)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - back

BACK - CURVATURE of spine (a1,bg2,k,ptk1)

BACK - CURVATURE of spine - Dorsal region (b4a.de,bg2,k,mtf33)

BACK - EMACIATION - Cervical region (k,ptk1)

BACK - ERUPTIONS - boils - Dorsal region - Scapulae (k)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - extremities

EXTREMITIES - CURVING and bowing (b4a.de,k,mtf33)

EXTREMITIES - NAILS; complaints of - brittle nails - Fingernails (vh)

EXTREMITIES - NAILS; complaints of - hangnails (b2.de,bg2,hr1,k)

EXTREMITIES - NAILS; complaints of - hangnails - inflamed (h2,kl)

EXTREMITIES - NAILS; complaints of - hangnails - painful (h2,kl)

EXTREMITIES - NAILS; complaints of - ingrowing toenails (zf)

EXTREMITIES - ODOR of feet offensive, without perspiration (mrr1)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - skin

SKIN - DECUBITUS - children; in (b2.de,bg2,k)

SKIN - ERUPTIONS - impetigo (bro1,hr1,k)

SKIN - ERUPTIONS - molluscum (bro1)

SKIN - ERUPTIONS - molluscum - contagiosum; molluscum (ll)

SKIN - ERYSIPELAS (b2.de,bg2,hr1,k,mtf11)

SKIN - INTERTRIGO (bro1,c2,hr1,k,ptk1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - head

HEAD - DANDRUFF (bg2,bro1,hr1,k,mtf11,mtf33,ptk1)

HEAD - HOLD - up head; unable to hold (k)

HEAD - LARGE SIZE (mtf33,sne)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - eye

EYE - AGGLUTINATED (a1,b4.de,b4a.de,bg2,bro1,k,ptk1)

EYE - STRABISMUS (k)

EYE - STRABISMUS - convergent (hr1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - nose

NOSE - BORING in nose with fingers (bg3,ptk1)

NOSE - DILATED nostrils (k,ptk1)

NOSE - MOTION - Wings; of - fan-like (bg2,bro1,k,mrr1,mtf33,ptk1)

NOSE - MOTION - Wings; of - fan-like - asthma; in (mrr1)

NOSE - MOTION - Wings; of - fan-like - palpitation, with (ptk1)

NOSE - MOTION - Wings; of - fan-like - pneumonia, in (fmx,k,mrr1,mtf33,tl1)

NOSE - PICKING - Nose (bg1,vh,vh/dg,vhx1)

NOSE - SNUFFLING (k,mtf11)

NOSE - SNUFFLING - children; in - newborns; in (k,mrr1,mtf33)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - face

FACE - CRACKED - Lips (bg2)

FACE - CRACKED - Lips - Lower - Middle of (xyz61)

FACE - CRACKED - Mouth; corners of - right (bg1,vh,vh/dg,vhx1)

FACE - ERUPTIONS - acne (bro1,mrr1,st)

FACE - EXPRESSION - old looking (bg2,mtf33,ptk1)

FACE - EXPRESSION - old looking - children; in (mtf33)

FACE - EXPRESSION - old looking - prematurely (hnb)

FACE - FRECKLES (a1,b2.de,b4.de,bg2,bro1,hr1,k,mtf33)

FACE - GREASY (brm,bro1,h2,kl)

FACE - HIPPOCRATIC (k)

FACE - VEINS distended - nets as if marbled (b2.de,k)

FACE - WARTS (k,mtf33)

FACE - WARTS - Chin (hr1,k)

FACE - WRINKLED (b2.de,b4a.de,bg2,bro1,gl1.fr,k,mrr1,ptk1)

FACE - WRINKLED - Cheeks (mrr1)

FACE - WRINKLED - Eyebrows (mrr1)

FACE - WRINKLED - Forehead (b2.de,b7a.de,bg2,dyc,gl1.fr,kl2,mrr1,ptk1)

FACE - WRINKLED - Forehead - Chest symptoms, with (k,mtf33,ptk1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - mouth

MOUTH - FINGERS in the mouth, children put (mtf33)

MOUTH - MOTION - Tongue - lapping (bg2,vk1)

MOUTH - MOTION - Tongue - side to side (b4a.de,k,vk1)

MOUTH - PUT everything in mouth; children (mtf33)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - external throat

EXTERNAL THROAT - TORTICOLLIS (b4a.de,bro1,hr1,k,mrr1,mtf33,ptk1)

EXTERNAL THROAT - TORTICOLLIS - left; drawn to the (k,ptk1)

EXTERNAL THROAT - TORTICOLLIS - right; drawn to the (k,ptk1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - respiration

RESPIRATION - ACCELERATED (a1,b2.de,bg2,bro1,hr1,k,nh6,ptk1)

RESPIRATION - ASTHMATIC - children; in (hr1)

RESPIRATION - DIFFICULT - children; in (bro1,k)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - sleep

SLEEP - YAWNING - ineffectual - efforts to yawn - children; in (kr1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - skin

SKIN - FRECKLES (b2.de,b4.de,bg2,bro1,c2,k,kl2,ptk1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - generals

GENERALS - COMPLEXION - dark (c1)

GENERALS - COMPLEXION - dark - blue eyes and dark hair (kl)

GENERALS - COMPLEXION - fair, blond, light - lax fibre, with (c1)

GENERALS - COMPLEXION - red hair (a,brm)

GENERALS - DWARFISHNESS (k,mtf33)

GENERALS - LEAN people (bg2,hr1,k)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - eye

EYE - AGGLUTINATED - morning (a1,k)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - nose

NOSE - BLOWING THE NOSE - inclination to blow the nose; constant (ptk1)

NOSE - OBSTRUCTION - children; in (ptk1)

NOSE - OBSTRUCTION - children; in - nursing infants (k,mtf33)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - teeth

TEETH - CLENCHING teeth together - desire to clench teeth together; constant (a1,k,ptk1)

TEETH - GRINDING (a1,b4a.de,bg2,k,ptk1)

TEETH - GRINDING - chill; during (bg2,k)

TEETH - GRINDING - convulsive (k)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - stomach

STOMACH - FULLNESS, sensation of - eating - after - agg. (k,tl1)
STOMACH - FULLNESS, sensation of - eating - after - agg. - ever so little; after (bg2,k)
STOMACH - FULLNESS, sensation of - eating - after - agg. - loosening clothes amel. (tl1)
STOMACH - GAGGING (k)
STOMACH - GAGGING - mucus in fauces, from (hr1,k)
STOMACH - GURGLING (ptk1)
STOMACH - HICCOUGH (a1,b2.de,b4.de,b4a.de,bg2,k,ptk1)
STOMACH - HICCOUGH - eating - after - agg. (a1,b4.de,bg2,k)
STOMACH - HICCOUGH - violent (bg2,k)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - abdomen

ABDOMEN - FLATULENCE - children; in (kl)
ABDOMEN - PAIN - bending double - agg. (k)
ABDOMEN - PAIN - bending double - amel. (k)
ABDOMEN - PAIN - children; in - nurslings; in - cramping (bro1,lmj)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - stool

STOOL - BALLS, like (bro1)
STOOL - SHEEP dung, like (ptk1)
STOOL - UNDIGESTED (bg2,hr1,k)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - bladder

BLADDER - URINATION - dysuria - children; in (bro1)
BLADDER - URINATION - dysuria - painful - cry before urine starts; children (bg2,k,mtf33)
BLADDER - URINATION - involuntary - children; in (k2)
BLADDER - URINATION - involuntary - cough agg.; during (k)
BLADDER - URINATION - retarded, must wait for urine to start (b4a.de,bg2,k,ptk1,tl1)
BLADDER - URINATION - retarded, must wait for urine to start - alone, can only pass urine when (vh)
BLADDER - URINATION - retarded, must wait for urine to start - press a long time before he can begin; must (bro1)
BLADDER - URINATION - urging to urinate - frequent - children, infants scream before the urine passes (k)
BLADDER - URINATION - urging to urinate - ineffectual - children; in (k)
BLADDER - URINATION - urging to urinate - painful - children; in - cry (k)
BLADDER - URINATION - urging to urinate - sudden - hasten to urinate or urine will escape; must (b4a.de)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - male genitalia / sex

MALE GENITALIA/SEX - MASTURBATION; disposition to (bg2,hr1,kr1,sf1.de)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - female genitalia / sex

FEMALE GENITALIA/SEX - MASTURBATION, disposition to (zf)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - respiration

RESPIRATION - SNORING (b4a.de,bg2,hr1,k)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - cough

COUGH - DRY - children; in - emaciated boys, in (k,mtf33,ptk1)
COUGH - DRY - chronic dry cough - pining boys; in (k,mtf33)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - extremities

EXTREMITIES - HEAT - Feet - burning - uncovers them (zf)
EXTREMITIES - NAILS; complaints of - hangnails - painful (h2,kl)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - perspiration

PERSPIRATION - EATING - after - agg. (bg2,k)
PERSPIRATION - EATING - while - agg. (bg2)

Night; observations during the - mental

MIND - FEAR - alone, of being - night (mrr1)

MIND - FEAR - dark; of (a1,br01,ffd,gm1,gsd1,k,rti2,tl1)

MIND - FEAR - waking, on - dream, from a (k)

MIND - GESTURES, makes - hands; involuntary motions of the - picking - bedclothes; at the (bg2,k,ptk1)

MIND - SHRIEKING - children, in - sleep, during (hr1,kr1,mtf33)

MIND - SHRIEKING - children, in - waking, on (hr1)

MIND - SOMNAMBULISM (b4a.de,k)

MIND - TALKING - sleep, in (a1,b4.de,bg2,br01,k)

MIND - WEeping - children, in - night (gg)

MIND - WEeping - whimpering - night (j)

MIND - WEeping - whimpering - sleep, during (b4.de,bg2,h2,j5.de,kl)

Night; observations during the - physical

HEAD - PERSPIRATION of scalp - sleep - during (k,mtf33)

NOSE - ITCHING - rubs - children; in - starts out of sleep and rubs nose; child (k,ptk1)

MOUTh - OPEN - sleep agg.; during (brm,k,mtf33)

TEETH - GRINDING - sleep agg.; during (b4a.de)

BLADDER - URINATION - involuntary - night (b2.de,bg2,k,mrr1)

BLADDER - URINATION - involuntary - night - dreaming of urinating, while (k)

BLADDER - URINATION - involuntary - night - spasmodic enuresis (k)

Night; observations during the - sleep

SLEEP - SLEEPLESSNESS - children; in - evening (a1)

SLEEP - WAKING - fright, as from (b4a.de,bg2,k,mrr1,ptk1)

Night; observations during the - sleep position

SLEEP - POSITION - abdomen, on (mtf33,st1,vh)

SLEEP - POSITION - back; on (a1,b2.de,b4.de,bg2,ffd,k)

SLEEP - POSITION - changed frequently (j5.de,sf1.de)

SLEEP - POSITION - impossible; lying (k)

SLEEP - POSITION - knees - chest position; knee (fb,mg1.de,mtf33,sf1.de,st1)

SLEEP - POSITION - knees - elbows bent; knees and (bg2)

SLEEP - POSITION - knees - face forced into pillow; and (mtf33,st,vh)

SLEEP - POSITION - motionless (a1)

SLEEP - POSITION - side; on - left side; on (brm)

SLEEP - POSITION - side; on - left side; on - impossible (b4a.de,k,mtf33)

SLEEP - POSITION - side; on - right side; on (mrr1,mtf33,st,vh)

SLEEP - POSITION - side; on - right side; on - back on waking; but on (kr1,st)

SLEEP - POSITION - sitting (b2.de,b4a.de,bg2,k,kl2,mtf33)

Rocking and carried

MIND - CARRIED - desire to be carried (bg2,hr1,k,mhn1,mtf33,ptk1)

Cars and boats

MIND - RIDING - carriage; in a - desire to (frc)

VERTIGO - RIDING - carriage; in a - agg. (bg2,k)

HEAD - PAIN - riding - carriage; in a - agg. (k)

HEAD - PAIN - Forehead - afternoon - riding in a carriage agg. (k)

HEAD - PAIN - Forehead - riding - carriage; in a - agg. (k)

HEAD - PAIN - Temples - driving or riding in a carriage (k)

HEAD - PAIN - Vertex - driving or riding in a carriage (k)

HEAD - PAIN - Vertex - riding in a carriage agg. - pressing pain (k)

STOMACH - NAUSEA - riding - carriage; in a - agg. (b4a.de,bg2,k)

STOMACH - PAIN - riding - carriage; in a - agg. (k)

SLEEP - SLEEPINESS - afternoon - carriage, in a (a1)

GENERALS - RIDING - streetcar; on a - agg. (b2.de,b4a.de,bg2,c1,k)
GENERALS - RIDING - streetcar; on a - amel. (bg2)

Psycho-somatic disorders

TEETH - GRINDING - maniacal rage, during (k)
RECTUM - DIARRHEA - excitement agg. (brm,ffd,hr1)
PERSPIRATION - STRANGERS; in the presence of (bg2,k)

Physical symptoms and pathologies

HEAD - HYDROCEPHALUS (bg2,k,kl2,mtf33,ptk1)
HEAD - INFLAMMATION - Meninges (bg)
HEAD - INFLAMMATION - Meninges - accompanied by - Tongue - swelling (kr1,vk1)
HEAD - INFLAMMATION - Meninges - tubercular (hr1,k,mtf33,ptk1)
HEAD - PAIN - catarrhal (bro1,k)
NOSE - CATARRH - followed by - Frontal sinuses; complaints of (bro1,k)
TEETH - ABSCESS of roots (k,qqh)
TEETH - CARIES, decayed, hollow (bg2,k)
THROAT - HAWKS up cheesy lumps (bg1,bg2)
STOMACH - RETCHING - cough; with (bg2,k)
STOMACH - SLOW digestion (bro1,st)
RECTUM - DIARRHEA - eruptions - suppressed eruptions; after (k)
BLADDER - RETENTION of urine - children; in (b4a.de)
BLADDER - RETENTION of urine - children; in - newborns (k)
KIDNEYS - INFLAMMATION (bg2,k,ptk1,tl1)
KIDNEYS - INFLAMMATION - Pelvis and kidneys (mrr1)
FEMALE GENITALIA/SEX - MENSES - delayed in girls, first menses (b2.de,bg2,brm,gka1,hr1,k,ptk1)
CHEST - INFLAMMATION - Lungs - children; in (gsy)
CHEST - INFLAMMATION - Lungs - children; in - infants (k)
BACK - SPINA BIFIDA (hr1,k)
EXTREMITIES - HIP JOINT disease (brm,k,mtf33)
EXTREMITIES - HIP JOINT disease - right (brm)
FEVER - CONTINUED fever (k)
GENERALS - ACETONEMIA (bnf1.es,itm)
GENERALS - CHILDREN; complaints in (b2.de,b4.de,bg2,k,mtf33)
GENERALS - CHILDREN; complaints in - delicate, puny, sickly (bg2,c1,kr1,mtf33,sf1.de)
GENERALS - CONVULSIONS - children; in (k)
GENERALS - EATING - overeating agg.; after (ptk1)
GENERALS - EMACIATION - children; in (b4a.de,k)
GENERALS - EMACIATION - children; in - boys; pining (k,mtf33,ptk1)
GENERALS - EMACIATION - children; in - infants; in (bg,bro1,ptk1)
GENERALS - INJURIES - Bones; fractures of - slow repair of broken bones (b2.de,bg2,k)
GENERALS - MEDICINE - allopathic - oversensitive to (st)
GENERALS - PAINLESSNESS of complaints usually painful (b4a.de)
GENERALS - REMEDIES - violent reaction to homeopathic remedies (gl1.fr)
GENERALS - REMEDIES - violent reaction to homeopathic remedies - high potencies, to (mtf33)
GENERALS - WEAKNESS - children; in (br1,k,mtf33)

Surgical pathology

EAR - ABSCESS - Behind the ears (qqh1)
NOSE - POLYPUS (c2,k)
ABDOMEN - HERNIA; ABDOMINAL (bro1,c2,ptk1)
ABDOMEN - HERNIA; ABDOMINAL - strangulated (bro1,ptk1)

ABDOMEN - HERNIA; ABDOMINAL - Femoral (k,ptk1)
ABDOMEN - HERNIA; ABDOMINAL - Inguinal (b2.de,bg2,k,mrr1,mtf11)
 ABDOMEN - HERNIA; ABDOMINAL - Inguinal - children; in (k,ptk1)
 ABDOMEN - HERNIA; ABDOMINAL - Inguinal - children; in - right (k,mtf33)
 ABDOMEN - HERNIA; ABDOMINAL - Inguinal - painful (b4.de,bg2)
 ABDOMEN - HERNIA; ABDOMINAL - Inguinal - strangulated (bg2)
 ABDOMEN - HERNIA; ABDOMINAL - Umbilical (b4a.de)
ABDOMEN - INFLAMMATION - Appendix (k,ptk1)
ABDOMEN - INFLAMMATION - Peritoneum (bro1,c2,ptk1)
ABDOMEN - INFLAMMATION - Peritoneum - accompanied by - hiccough (ptk1,st1)
ABDOMEN - INTUSSUSCEPTION (hr1,k)
 MALE GENITALIA/SEX - CRYPTORCHISM - Abdominal (fry3)
 MALE GENITALIA/SEX - PHIMOSIS (hr1,k)
 MALE GENITALIA/SEX - VARICOCELE (bg2,hr1,k)

Worms

RECTUM - WORMS - complaints of worms (b2.de,bg2,bro1,c2)
 RECTUM - WORMS - complaints of worms - accompanied by - emaciation (bg2)
 RECTUM - WORMS - complaints of worms - pinworms (bro1)
 RECTUM - WORMS - complaints of worms - roundworm (b2.de,b4a.de,bg2,bro1,k)
 RECTUM - WORMS - complaints of worms - tapeworm (b2.de,bg2)

Clinica: Dispepsia. Indigestione. Colite. Flatulenza. Stipsi. Coliche. Ernia. Asma.
 Polmonite. Reumatismi. Eczema. Verruche. Ipocondriasi.

Tropismo: Fegato. Stomaco. Addome. Torace. Polmoni. Gola. Pelle. Mente.

SACCHARUM OFFICINALE

Bambini grassi e gonfi, con arti di grandi dimensioni.

Da piccoli succhiano le dita e continuano fino ad un'età avanzata; amano molto essere tenuti in braccio ed accarezzati; é caratteristico il modo in cui i genitori devono farli addormentare, scuotendoli vigorosamente, sia che siano tenuti in braccio o nella carrozzina.

Hanno comportamenti contraddittori; possono essere infatti gentili o aggressivi, in alcune fasi sono sensibili ai rimproveri ed in altre insolenti e disobbedienti, ipersensibili al dolore o avere una sorta di intorpidimento.

Può essere considerato uno dei rimedi più importanti per i bambini iperattivi; sono nervosi e mangiano le unghie.

Hanno spesso problemi comportamentali: sono capricciosi, litigiosi, impertinenti, irrequieti, mordono e scalciano; sempre di cattivo umore e piagnucolosi; quando sono abbastanza grandi, sono insolenti e non si tengono occupati in alcun modo.

A scuola possono aver problemi relativi alla loro mancanza di autostima con conseguente paura del fallimento; hanno difficoltà di concentrazione e commettono spesso errori nello scrivere, soprattutto omettendo parole.

Afte e salivazione abbondante.

Non amano i cibi sostanziosi, ma amano fare piccoli spuntini; amano molto il latte, caldo e freddo.

Sono tendenzialmente calorosi e scoprono i piedi di notte.

Storia familiare di diabete; cancro; alcolismo; dipendenze; abusi.

History; personal and family

GENERALS - FAMILY HISTORY of - diabetes mellitus (sst1)

Nursing - milk; influence of

GENERALS - FOOD and DRINKS - milk - aversion (sht)

GENERALS - FOOD and DRINKS - milk - desire (sht,sst1,vml3)

GENERALS - FOOD and DRINKS - milk - desire - cold (sht,sst1)

GENERALS - FOOD and DRINKS - milk - desire - warm (sht,sst1)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - appetite - less

STOMACH - APPETITE - wanting (sst1)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - appetite - more

STOMACH - APPETITE - eating; even after (sst1)

STOMACH - APPETITE - ravenous - eating - after eating - soon after (sst1)

Constitution - aggressiveness

MIND - ANGER - children; in (sst1)

Constitution - fear and anxiety

MIND - FEAR - failure, of (sst1)

MIND - FEAR - failure, of - children; in (sst1)

Constitution - generalities

MIND - CONFIDENCE - want of self-confidence (sst1)

MIND - DISCONTENTED (sst1)

MIND - HOMESICKNESS (a1,slp,sst1)

MIND - LOQUACITY - children; in (sst1)

MIND - MOROSE - children, in (br1,c1)

MIND - SELFISHNESS (mtf)

Family; attitude towards - love and affection

MIND - ANXIETY - others, for (zzz)
MIND - FORSAKEN feeling (sst1)
MIND - JEALOUSY (sht,sst1)
MIND - JEALOUSY - children - in (sst1)

Family; attitude towards - reproach

MIND - SENSITIVE - reprimands, to (sht)
MIND - SENSITIVE - reprimands, to - children; in (sst1)

Relationship with others - aggressiveness

MIND - DEFIANT (sst1)
MIND - QUARRELSOME (a1,sst1)

Relationship with others - approached by others; when

MIND - CONTRADICTION - disposition to contradict (br1)
MIND - TIMIDITY (sst1)
MIND - TIMIDITY - children; in (sst1)

Relationship with others - generalities

MIND - INSOLENT (c1)
MIND - INSOLENT - children, in (c1,sst1)

School - anxiety

MIND - CONFIDENCE - want of self-confidence (sst1)
MIND - FEAR - failure, of (sst1)
MIND - FEAR - failure, of - children; in (sst1)

School - concentration

MIND - CONCENTRATION - difficult - children, in (sst1)

School - learning - writing

MIND - MISTAKES; making - writing, in (a1)
MIND - MISTAKES; making - writing, in - omitting - words (a1)

School - relationship with others

MIND - DISOBEDIENCE (zzz)
MIND - DISOBEDIENCE - children, in (sst1)

School - reproach

MIND - SENSITIVE - reprimands, to (sht)
MIND - SENSITIVE - reprimands, to - children; in (sst1)

School - constitution

MIND - CONFIDENCE - want of self-confidence (sst1)
MIND - DISOBEDIENCE (zzz)
MIND - DISOBEDIENCE - children, in (sst1)

Non verbal symptoms - aggressiveness

MIND - BITING (zzz)
MIND - IRRITABILITY - children, in (br1)
MIND - KICKING (sht)

Non verbal symptoms - approaching others; when

MIND - CARESSED; being - desire to be caressed (sst1)
MIND - HELD - desire to be held (sht)

Non verbal symptoms - gestures

MIND - BITING - nails (sst)
MIND - BITING - nails - children; in (sst1)
MIND - CAPRICIOUSNESS (br1,c1)
MIND - GESTURES, makes - fingers - mouth; children put fingers into the (sst1)

MIND - TOUCHING - impelled to touch - everything (mtf,sst1)
MIND - TOUCHING - impelled to touch - everything - children, in (lmj)

Non verbal symptoms - generalities

MIND - ANTICS; playing (zzz)
MIND - ANTICS; playing - children; in (sst1)
MIND - IMPERTINENCE (c1)
MIND - MOANING - children, in (c1)
MIND - RESTLESSNESS - children, in (zzz)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - ear

EAR - DISCHARGES - purulent (k)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - mouth

MOUTH - APHTHAE - children; in (k,sst1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - face

FACE - DISCOLORATION - pale - children; in (sst1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - generals

GENERALS - OBESITY - children; in (br1,br01,c1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - stomach

STOMACH - GURGLING (k)

Rocking and carried

MIND - CARRIED - desire to be carried (sst1)
MIND - CARRIED - desire to be carried - caressed; and (sst1)
MIND - ROCKING - amel. (bg1,bg2)

Physical symptoms and pathologies

GENERALS - PAINLESSNESS of complaints usually painful (sst)

Worms

RECTUM - ITCHING - ascarides, from (mtf)

Clinica: Problemi comportamentali. Iperattività. Anemia sideropenica. Diabete. Dispepsia. Cefalea. Affezioni epatiche. Affezioni spleniche.

Tropismo: Mente. Digestione. Membrane mucose. Apparato respiratorio.

STRYCHNINUM PURUM

La prima caratteristica generale di questo rimedio sta nell'intensità delle manifestazioni: i sintomi vengono espressi con forza e violenza; i sintomi sono forti e i pazienti li esprimono con forza.

In queste persone alberga un profondo risentimento ed un persistente senso di ingiustizia; si aspettano che qualcosa stia per succedere, ma nulla accade e quindi si sentono profondamente delusi.

Il risentimento include anche una sensazione di essere intrappolati, bloccati nel proprio destino, nella propria vita, senza possibilità di fuga. La disperazione e la convinzione di non aver possibilità di cambiare la loro situazione, crea un gran senso di scontentezza.

Questo lamentarsi che la vita è ingiusta è stato confermato anche in altri rimedi della famiglia delle Loganiaceae (Nux vomica e Ignatia).

L'irritabilità, anche se non così intensa come in Nux vomica, è tuttavia marcata e spesso diretta verso i membri della famiglia.

Possono quindi presentarsi con grandi ansie, fobie e paure.

In generale i disturbi di questo rimedio tendono ad essere episodici; si presentano in attacchi violenti; quindi le paure prendono la forma di episodici attacchi di panico.

Danno l'idea del tetano (che è una malattia tipica di Strychninum), o degli avvelenamenti; se infatti si leggono i provings, si nota che hanno periodi in cui la sintomatologia è assolutamente silente.

Paura di morire, della pazzia e di qualche malattia terribile; oltre a ciò paura del buio e di stare soli al buio.

L'attacco emerge da un substrato di, come dice il prover 128 di Allen, "estrema eccitabilità nervosa".

Cefalea; lateralità sinistra; dall'occipite, si estende sopra l'occhio sinistro; senso di compressione, pressione come un elmetto, come un cappello; è come in una morsa o come in una corazza ("Head - pain - pressing pain - armor; as if in").

Costrizione della gola; senso di soffocamento come se la gola fosse spremuta dall'esterno.

Dolori brucianti, crampiformi, spasmi alla bocca dello stomaco. Ansia nello stomaco. Allen scrive da uno dei suoi sperimentatori: "Una specie di fascicolazione interna e sensazione di nervosismo, che si irradia dalla bocca dello stomaco".

Severi crampi e spasmi nell'intestino, che costringono il paziente a piegarsi in due. Diarrea.

Dolori spasmodici, crampiformi nel quadrante inferiore sinistro dell'addome. Sensazione di noia, come di un dito spinto nel quadrante inferiore sinistro.

Spasmi e crampi nel retto; Allen dice: "I rapidi spasmi di dolore diventano più frequenti e sono a volte così insopportabili da farlo cadere a terra come se gli avessero sparato".

Frequente urgenza di urinare, non alleviata dalla minzione; spasmi vescicali e uretrali.

Senso di "bearing-down" (pressione verso il basso) nel basso addome, associato a cistite.

Relationship with others - aggressiveness

MIND - STRIKING (a1,k)

Relationship with others - approached by others; when

MIND - ANSWERING - aversion to answer (k)

MIND - ANSWERING - hastily (k)

MIND - ANSWERING - rapidly (a1)

MIND - COMPANY - desire for (a1,k)

Relationship with others - generalities

MIND - SENSITIVE - external impressions, to all (a1)

MIND - SPEECH - hasty (bg2)

Non verbal symptoms - aggressiveness

MIND - KICKING (a1,k)

Non verbal symptoms - approaching others; when

MIND - APPROACHED by persons; being - agg. (bg2)

MIND - FEAR - approaching; of - others; of (bg2)

MIND - FEAR - strangers, of (bg2)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - head

HEAD - SENSITIVENESS - Scalp, of - touch; to (bro1)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - mouth

MOUTH - PAPILLAE of tongue - erect (k,vk1)

MOUTH - PROTRUDING - Tongue (a1,k,vk1)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - external throat

EXTERNAL THROAT - SWELLING - Sides (k)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - face

FACE - HIPPOCRATIC (k)

FACE - VEINS distended - Temples (k)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - external throat

EXTERNAL THROAT - TORTICOLLIS (bro1,mrr1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - respiration

RESPIRATION - ACCELERATED (a1,br1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - back

BACK - OPISTHOTONOS (a1,br1,bro1,k,mrr1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - teeth

TEETH - CLENCHING teeth together - desire to clench teeth together; constant (k)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - rectum

RECTUM - INVOLUNTARY stool (bro1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - bladder

BLADDER - PARALYSIS - over-distension, after (k)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - respiration

RESPIRATION - SNORING (a1,k)

Night; observations during the - mental

MIND - TALKING - sleep, in (a1)

Physical symptoms and pathologies

HEAD - INFLAMMATION - Meninges (mld)

LARYNX AND TRACHEA - LARYNGISMUS *stridulus* (bro1)

Worms

RECTUM - WORMS - complaints of worms - tapeworm (gm1)

Clinica: Afonia. Asma. Tosse. Enuresi. Cefalea. Reumatismi. Crampi. Tetano.

Tropismo: Midollo spinale. Cervello. Occhi. Retto. Apparato genito-urinario.

GENERALS - FOOD and DRINKS - milk - aversion - mother's milk (qqh,tl1)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - appetite - less

STOMACH - APPETITE - wanting (k)

STOMACH - APPETITE - wanting - thirst - with (hr1)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - appetite - more

STOMACH - APPETITE - increased - vomiting - after (bg2,br1,c1,mtf33,tl1)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - eructations - food

STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS; TYPE OF - food (bro1,k,ptk1)

STOMACH - ERUCTATIONS; TYPE OF - food - eating - one hour after (hr1,k,ptk1)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - vomiting

STOMACH - VOMITING - children; in - nurslings (c1)

STOMACH - VOMITING - children; in - nurslings - after nursing; shortly (tl1)

STOMACH - VOMITING; TYPE OF - food - eating - after - agg. (hr1,vh)

STOMACH - VOMITING; TYPE OF - food - eating - after - agg. - undigested food two or three hours after (bg3)

STOMACH - VOMITING; TYPE OF - food - undigested (k)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - abdominal complaints - aggravating modalities

ABDOMEN - PAIN - children; in - nurslings; in - cramping (bro1)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - abdominal complaints - ameliorating modalities

ABDOMEN - PAIN - warmth - amel. (a1,k)

Nursing - gastrointestinal - rectum complaints

RECTUM - DIARRHEA - children; in (br1,k)

RECTUM - DIARRHEA - children; in - newborns (mrr1)

Nursing - generalities

GENERALS - EATING - overeating agg.; after - children; in (bg2,sf1.de)

GENERALS - NURSLINGS (kk2.de,mtf33)

Constitution - fear and anxiety

MIND - AILMENTS FROM - anticipation (mtf33,st,vh)

MIND - ANXIETY - children - in (mtf33)

MIND - FEAR - control; losing (vh1)

MIND - FEAR - failure, of (zzz)

MIND - FEAR - failure, of - examinations; in (mtf33,ptk1,st,tl1)

MIND - FEAR - high places, of (dgt,mtf33)

Constitution - generalities

MIND - DISCONTENTED (k)

MIND - WEEPING - children, in (zzz)

MIND - WEEPING - noise, at (k)

Family; attitude towards - love and affection

MIND - ANXIETY - family; about his (vh1)

MIND - ANXIETY - others, for (zzz)

Relationship with others - approached by others; when

MIND - COMPANY - desire for (k)

MIND - COMPANY - desire for - alone agg.; when (bg2)

MIND - TIMIDITY (zzz)

MIND - TIMIDITY - public; about appearing in (mtf33,st)

Relationship with others - generalities

MIND - INDEPENDENT (mrr1)

MIND - SYMPATHETIC (zzz)

School - anxiety

MIND - AILMENTS FROM - anticipation (mtf33,st,vh)
MIND - ANTICIPATION - examination; before (st)
MIND - FEAR - failure, of (zzz)
MIND - FEAR - failure, of - examinations; in (mtf33,ptk1,st,tl1)
RECTUM - DIARRHEA - anticipation, after (tl1)

School - concentration

MIND - CONCENTRATION - difficult - children, in (k,mtf33)
MIND - CONCENTRATION - difficult - studying (k1,mtf33,st)
MIND - DULLNESS - reading (ptk1)
MIND - DULLNESS - studying; when (ptk1)

School - learning - generalities

MIND - DULLNESS - studying; when (ptk1)

School - learning - reading

MIND - DULLNESS - reading (ptk1)
MIND - READING - unable to read (hr1,kr1,mtf33)

School - relationship with others

MIND - TIMIDITY - public; about appearing in (mtf33,st)

Animals; attitude towards

MIND - ANIMALS - love for animals (ckh1,gb,mrr1,mtf33,vh1)
MIND - ANIMALS - love for animals - cats (ckh1)
MIND - ANIMALS - love for animals - dogs (ckh1)
MIND - SYMPATHETIC - animals; towards (c1,mrr1,oss)

Non verbal symptoms - aggressiveness

MIND - SPITTING (a1)

Non verbal symptoms - gestures

MIND - AWKWARD (a1,bg2,mtf33)
MIND - JUMPING (zzz)

Non verbal symptoms - generalities

MIND - RESTLESSNESS - children, in (mtf33)
MIND - SHRIEKING - children, in (hr1,kr1)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - ear

EAR - DISCHARGES - purulent (a1,k)
EAR - DISCHARGES - warm; as if (br1,c1)
EAR - DISCHARGES - yellow (hr1,k)
EAR - WAX - wanting (k)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - mouth

MOUTH - APHTHAE (a1,bro1,hr1,k)
MOUTH - APHTHAE - Tongue (hr1,k,mtf33,vk1)
MOUTH - THRUSH (vk1)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - throat

THROAT - APHTHAE (a1,k)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - external throat

EXTERNAL THROAT - INDURATION of glands - cords; like knotted (bg1)
EXTERNAL THROAT - SWELLING - Cervical Glands (hr1)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - back

BACK - ERUPTIONS - boils - Lumbar region (a1)
BACK - ERUPTIONS - boils - Sacrum (k)

Non verbal symptoms - consultation; investigated during - skin

SKIN - INTERTRIGO (bro1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - head

HEAD - HOLD - up head; unable to hold (k,mtf33,ptk1,tl1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - eye

EYE - AGGLUTINATED (a1,k)

EYE - STRABISMUS (bg2)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - nose

NOSE - NOSTRILS drawn in (ptk1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by doctor - face

FACE - CHAPPED - Lips (a1)

FACE - DISCOLORATION - pale - children; in (mtf33)

FACE - EXPRESSION - old looking (mrr1,mtf33,vh1)

FACE - EXPRESSION - old looking - children; in (mtf33)

FACE - HIPPOCRATIC (bro1,k,mrr1,mtf33,ptk1)

FACE - HIPPOCRATIC - children; in - newborns (mrr1)

FACE - LINEA nasalis (a1,bg2,k,mtf33,ptk1,tl1,vh1)

FACE - WRINKLED (k)

FACE - WRINKLED - children; in - newborns (mrr1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - eye

EYE - AGGLUTINATED - morning (a1,k)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - ear

EAR - BORING fingers in - amel. (ptk1)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - stomach

STOMACH - GURGLING - nausea; with (a1,k)

STOMACH - HICCUGH (bg2,bro1,c2,k,mtf33)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - abdomen

ABDOMEN - PAIN - children; in - nurslings; in - cramping (bro1)

ABDOMEN - PAIN - warmth - amel. (a1,k)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - stool

STOOL - UNDIGESTED (bro1,hr1,k,mtf33)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - respiration

RESPIRATION - SNORING (k)

Non verbal symptoms - appearance - observed by parents - skin

SKIN - ECCHYMOSES (br1,bro1,c1,hr1)

Night; observations during the - mental

MIND - ANXIETY - dark; in (k)

MIND - FEAR - dark; of (st1)

MIND - SOMNAMBULISM (dgt1)

Night; observations during the - physical

BLADDER - URINATION - involuntary - night (k)

Physical symptoms and pathologies

HEAD - INFLAMMATION - Brain (bro1,mld)

STOMACH - VOMITING - children; in (k2,tl1)

RECTUM - CHOLERA - infantum (bro1,c2,hr1,k,ptk1,tl1)

RECTUM - CHOLERA - infantum - accompanied by - stools; green watery (tl1)

GENERALS - CHILDREN; complaints in (br1,k,mtf33)

GENERALS - CONVULSIONS - children; in (bg2,br01,k)
GENERALS - CONVULSIONS - children; in - infants, in (bro1)
GENERALS - EATING - overeating agg.; after (ptk1)
GENERALS - EATING - overeating agg.; after - children; in (bg2,sf1.de)
GENERALS - EMACIATION - children; in (kr1)
GENERALS - SEASONS - summer - agg. - children; in (br1)
GENERALS - WEAKNESS - children; in (vh1)
GENERALS - WEAKNESS - children; in - newborns; in (mrr1)

Surgical pathology

MALE GENITALIA/SEX - RETRACTION - Testes - right (hr1,mtf33)

Clinica: Intolleranza al latte. Disordini gastrici. Diarrea. Tosse. Otorrea. Affezioni oculari. Affezioni ghiandolari. Epilessia. Paralisi infantile. Insonnia.

Tropismo: Digestione. Cervello. Nervi. Nuca. Ghiandole. Fegato.